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## To: Interested Parties

## Subject: Democrats Lead New Hampshire Races; Gun Legislation Popular

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A new Public Policy Polling survey of New Hampshire voters finds that Hillary Clinton leads the Presidential race in the state 48/43, and Maggie Hassan leads the Senate race in the state $48 / 45$. Key findings from the survey include:
$-85 \%$ of voters in the state support requiring background checks on all gun sales, to only $9 \%$ who are opposed to them. $78 \%$ of voters support prohibiting individuals convicted of committing a hate crime from buying a gun, to just $12 \%$ opposed to that. And $78 \%$ support prohibiting anyone convicted of stalking or domestic abuse from buying a gun, to only $12 \%$ opposed to that. Each of these measures has strong bipartisan support, with 88$89 \%$ of Democrats in support, $71-86 \%$ of independents, and even $72-80 \%$ of Republicans.
-Her record on gun issues is causing Kelly Ayotte problems in the US Senate race. By a 28 point margin voters say her opposition to background checks legislation makes them less likely to vote for her- only $14 \%$ say that position makes them more likely to vote for her to $42 \%$ who say it makes them less likely to. Among critical independent voters, it's $12 \%$ more likely and $43 \%$ less likely.
-Common sense gun legislation is very popular among the voters who remain undecided for President and Senate. Undecideds for President support expanded background checks 85/9, and undecideds for Senate support them 65/16.
-New Hampshire voters would also like to see a push for stronger gun legislation at the state level. $55 \%$ would be more likely to vote for a state legislator who supported expanding background checks to all gun sales, compared to only $14 \%$ who would be less likely to vote for a legislator who wanted to do that.

Public Policy Polling surveyed 781 likely voters on October $31^{\text {st }}$ and November 1st. The margin of error is $+/-3.5 \% .80 \%$ of participants, selected through a list based sample, responded via the phone, while $20 \%$ of respondents who did not have landlines conducted the survey over the internet through an opt-in internet panel.

